	17 June 1956  Copy No. 103
CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN	DOCUMENT NO.  NO CHANGE IN CLASS.  PECLASSIFIED  CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S COOT  NEXT REVIEW DATE:  AUTH: HR 70-3  DATE  REVIEWER:
AFFICE AF A	
	URRENT INTELLIGENCE NTELLIGENCE AGENCY
	NTELLIGENCE AGENCY
	NTELLIGENCE AGENCY

#### CONTENTS

	1	THE TOO	LIATTI INTEI	25X1A				
	<b>.</b> •							
25X1A	3.	25X1A ISRAELI	FOREIGN MIN	ISTER ANNO	UNCES R	RESIGNATION		
	4.	CHINESE AMERICA	COMMUNISTS AN PRISONERS	S ANNOUNCE S	RELEAS	SE OF TWO	]	
	<b>5</b> .		25X1A 1956 BUDGET		TO OVEF	RFULFILL		
		FIRST F	<b>VE⊸YEAR PL</b> 25X1A	AN [				25X1A
	6.	FLOODS	IN EAST CENT	FRAL CHINA				
								25X1
				* * * *	•	·		
			THE ARAB-	ISRAELI SIT	<u>UATION</u>			
								¥ .
					<b>-</b> 11 41	D 0		
	1'	7 June 56	Current	Intelligence	Bulletin	Page 2		
			25X1A					

Approved For Release 2004/07/08 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002600170001-4

25X1

#### 1. THE TOGLIATTI INTERVIEW

Available excerpts from Italian Communist leader Togliatti's interview with a non-Communist Italian journalist on the question of Khrushchev's repudiation of Stalinism point up Togliatti's desire to emphasize the independence of his party from foreign control. His statement does not, however, constitute a repudiation of

his loyalty to Moscow and to the international Communist movement.

Togliatti's remarks are an accurate reflection of the new international Communist line admitting different roads to state socialism, which received its doctrinal underpinnings at the 20th Soviet Party Congress. His statement is thus a blueprint for the Italian Communist Party in carrying out this general line and is designed to strengthen Italian Communist efforts to form a popular front with non-Communist parties.

The references to the autonomy of the national Communist parties suggest that Togliatti wanted to reassert his leadership of the entire Italian left which had been called into question by the 27-28 May local elections in which the Communists lost votes to their Nenni Socialist allies. Togliatti had laid the ground work for the autonomy theme by several recent moves, notably his public praise for the dissolution of the Cominform in April and his dramatic reconciliation with Tito on 29 May. This theme may receive further emphasis at the long-postponed national congress now scheduled for October.

Various reports in recent months have stated that the repudiation of Stalin at the 20th Party Congress left many Italian Communists confused and angry but extended discussion of the subject was postponed until after the 27-28

di	scussion of	the subject was postponed until	after the 27-28
	ay elections		
17 June 56	ine 56	Current Intelligence Bullet 25X1A	in Page 3
	Γ		

25X1 25X1

25X1A

25X1

### 3. ISRAELI FOREIGN MINISTER ANNOUNCES RESIGNATION

25X1A	• •	The announcement on 17 June by foreign minister Moshe Sharett would resign on 18 June suggest new and possibly tougher approx Israeli foreign policy. Mrs. Gefirst Israeli minister to the USSR and no bor, is scheduled to become the new fore	that he is a ach in olda w min-				
	ble to cont been repo- ister Ben- the Arab s	Sharett did not explain his reason ther than to state that he "considers it is tinue in the post." There have, however, its of differences between Sharett and Progurion over foreign policy, particularly states. Ben-Gurion favors a tough line to le Sharett has sought to give priority to describe the states.	mpossi- long ime Min- toward ward the				
	adequate s Israel was Council re	Sharett's resignation may also ket I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	ers an ore, I Security				
	tivist" lin to exert c was in the with the S	By placing Mrs. Myerson in Sharett's post, Ben-Gurion will have a trusted exponent of his "activist" line in the Foreign Ministry, and will thus be able to exert close direction of Israeli foreign policy. While she was in the USSR, Mrs. Myerson reportedly was not in favor with the Soviet government because she maintained close personal contacts with members of the Jewish community in Moscow.					
	17 June 56	Current Intelligence Bulletin 25X1A	Page 5				

Approved For Release 2004/07/08: CIA-RDP79T00975A002600170001-4

4.	CHINESE COMMUNISTS ANNOUNCE RELEASE	OF
	TWO AMERICAN PRISONERS	

The release from prison on 15 June of two American priests reduces to 11 the number of Americans in Chinese Communist jails. The Chinese Communists re-

leased and deported nearly 30 Americans in late 1955, but continued to hold the remainder in prison, apparently retaining them as hostages to improve Peiping's bargaining position in the ambassadorial talks at Geneva.

Peiping's declaration that the prisoners had "served their terms" is apparently intended to suggest that their release does not necessarily signify the early release of all the Americans still in Chinese prisons. At least one of the prisoners still being held is serving a life sentence; another is serving a 20-year term. On 1 June, however, Chou En-lai told a Reuters correspondent that American prisoners might be released before the expiration of their sentences "if their behavior was good."

some of the Americans held by the Chinese have been getting better treatment during the past six months. It has been common practice for Peiping to improve the lot of prisoners a few months before their release.

25X1A

17 June 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 6

25X1

25X1A

Approved For Release 2004/07/08 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002600170001-4

25X1

## 5. CHINESE 1956 BUDGET DESIGNED TO OVERFULFILL FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN

25X1A

The new \$12.5 billion Chinese Communist budget gives primacy to heavy industry and aims at fulfillment of the First Five-Year Plan (1953-1957) ahead of

schedule. Describing 1956 as the year of "fastest development," the Chinese are allocating 65 percent of total expenditures to economic construction, of which heavy industry will receive almost 90 percent. Funds for water conservancy, and for agriculture which is the key to industrial growth and chief source of state revenue, are to be increased nearly 50 percent. Light industry, which produces a quick return on investment, has been granted an 86 percent budget increase, although it will still receive only about 10 percent of economic construction allocations.

Almost 20 percent of national expenditure will be for defense but the allocation shows a reduction of \$140,000,000 from last year. Despite this reduction, however, the defense burden on China itself will be greater than last year because the 1955 Chinese budget included a Soviet military credit of over a half billion dollars, which apparently will not be repeated in 1956.

Although First Five-Year Plan investment
in the transport sector of the economy has now been largely
fulfilled, transport investment will continue at a high rate.
25X1A

17 June 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 7

25X1A

Approved For Release 2004/07/08 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002600170001-4

6	FLOODS	IN	EAST	CENTRAL	CHINA
---	--------	----	------	---------	-------

25X1A

The Peiping press has announced that, in a number of instances in the past two weeks, the rivers of East Central China had exceeded the peak water levels recorded in 1954 when 10 percent of China's cultivated lands were inundated.

Floods could seriously disrupt the normal June planting of the second crop and the harvesting of the first crop, which provides 30 percent of China's total grain production.

Despite the extensive measures taken to protect against a recurrence of the 1954 flood, Peiping has suggested that the current flood situation may become increasingly serious as "conditions exist for the occurrence of heavy rains" in the Yangtze Valley and along its tributaries during the normal rainy season of July and August.

Continued heavy rains could result in widespread famine and reduced state revenues from agriculture. The final statistical report on the 1955 budget, announced on 15 June of this year, revealed that Communist China's first failure to meet planned revenues resulted from the heavy flood damage of 1954.

25X1A

17 June 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 8

25X1A



# THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION (Information as of 1700, 17 June)

Truce Supervision Aviv on 14 June an inspection on of the demilitaring ported on 10 Junus The UN official lentry orders for have undertaken truce officials in approaching the	on Organization that, despited 12 June, he had be build believes that UN truce per in the area is ad twice presented.	previous authad been denied and Yacoving tactical detection the Israeli are resonnel because too extensive	ican officials norization to d entry into where Isra fensive posi my has issu se whatever to be conc	s in Tel make the area el was re- tions. ed no- work they ealed. The	25X1	,
to Ambassador I Yacov area have resumes work of that while Syria's United Nations b believe that publ the armed force which failed to r down by mob act	Moose on 14 of standing order the diversion of standing of standing standing ic opinion with a secton of the secto	ders to open fi on of the Jord sition is to ref military actional an government	an troops in ire the mom an river. Her the matte on Syrian authed the officiant in the offi	the Banat ent Israel le said er to the chorities ction by ll said,	25X1	1
					25	;)
17 June 56	Current	Intelligence E	Bulletin	Page 11		
	25X1A			1		
				1		

Approved For Release 2004/07/08: CIA-RDP79T00975A002600170001-4